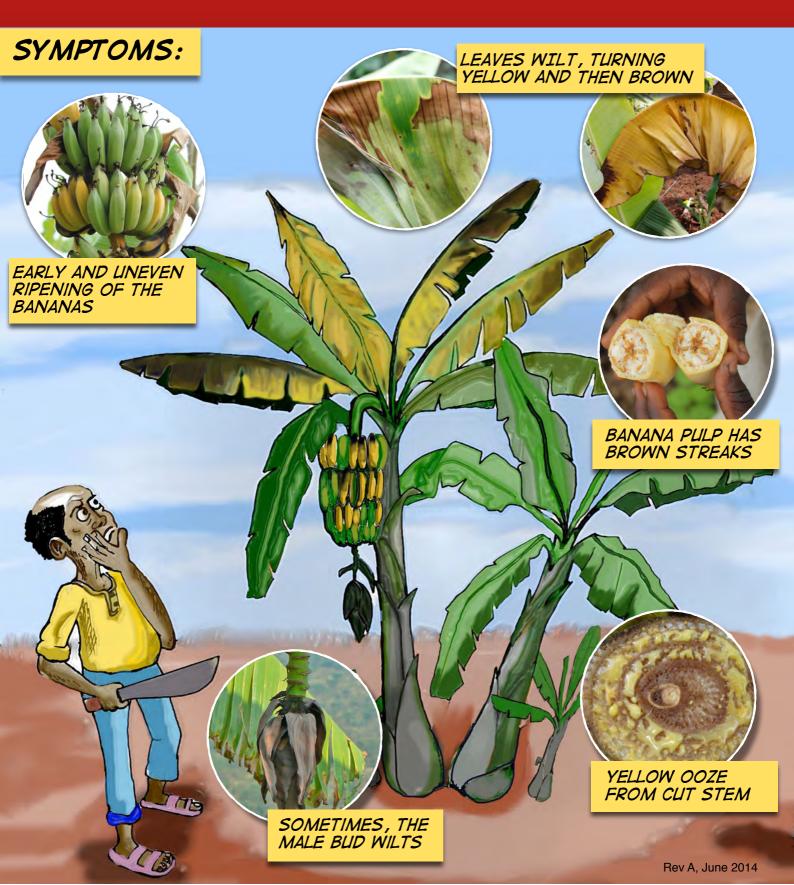


HOW TO CONTROL BANANA BACTERIAL WILT

BANANA BACTERIAL WILT IS A DISEASE THAT AFFECTS ALL VARIETIES OF BANANA. IT SPREADS EASILY VIA CUTTING TOOLS, INSECTS, BIRDS AND BROWSING ANIMALS. IT CAN CAUSE A COMPLETE LOSS OF HARVEST!





BECAUSE BANANA WILT DOESN'T
SPREAD TO ALL PLANTS IN A BANANA
MAT, CUT DOWN ONLY THE PLANTS THAT
SHOW SYMPTOMS. CUT DOWN AT
GROUND LEVEL. BE CAREFUL NOT TO
CONTAMINATE THE SURROUNDING HEALTHY
PLANTS WITH THE MACHETTE. REMOVE
THE MERISTEM, THEN COVER THE
EXPOSED STUMP WITH SOIL. LEAVE THE
CUT STEM INTACT. CUT STEMS CAN ALSO BE

AFTER CUTTING,
ALWAYS KILL THE
PLANT BY
REMOVING THE
MARISTEM.
DO THIS BY DIGGING
A HOLE WITH THE
MACHETE IN THE
MIDDLE PORTION
OF THE STUMP.







YOU CAN AVOID DAMAGE TO BEANS FROM FALLING PLANTS BY CUTTING IN TWO OR MORE STAGES.

STOP INFECTIONS FROM SPREADING

ADDED TO A COMPOSTING HEAP.



AFTER CUTTING DOWN ALL SICK PLANTS, **DISINFECT THE MACHETE** IN FIRE.



DO NOT REMOVE ANY LEAVES OR HEALTHY SUCKERS FOR 4 MONTHS.



DO NOT LET GOATS, SHEEP OR COWS BROWSE AMONGST THE BANANAS.

HOW TO PREVENT BANANA WILT



REMEMBER TO INSPECT YOUR BANANA PLANTS WEEKLY FOR BANANA WILT SYMPTOMS! CUT DOWN ALL VISIBLY DISEASED PLANTS, INCLUDING DISEASED SUCKERS.

IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE LAST HAND OF BANANAS HAS FORMED, BREAK OFF THE FLOWER USING A FORKED STICK.



